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## Notice of Intent to Enforce (NIE) a Copyright Restored Under the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA)

Title:	Le curé d'Ars
English translation of title:	The Curé d'Ars
Type of work:	Book – French language original
Name of author(s):	Msgr Francois Trochu (Original)
Source country:	France
Approximate year of publication:	1925
Additional identifying information:	
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The work in which the restored work is used:	Title: The Curé d'Ars - ISBN: 978-0895550200
The use or uses to which the owner objects:	The publication of any derivative English translation of the original French work 'Le curé d'Ars' made by Msgr. Francois Trochu
I hereby certify that, for each of the work(s) listed above, I am the copyright owner, or the owner of an exclusive right, or the owner's authorized agent, the agency relationship having been constituted in a writing signed by the owner before the filing of this notice, and that the information given herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.	
Name:	Pavel Kejik
As agent for:	Baronius Press Ltd
Date:	10 <sup>th</sup> August 2016
Signature:	P.U.

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Title:	The Curé d'Ars
Alternative title:	Le curé d'Ars
Type of work:	Book - English translation of French original
Name of author(s):	Dom Ernest Graf
Source country:	France (Original) and United Kingdom
	(Translation)
Approximate year of publication:	1927
Additional identifying information:	Publisher: Burns & Oates
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The work in which the restored work is used:	Title: The Curé d'Ars - ISBN: 978-0895550200
The use or uses to which the owner objects:	The use of any part of the original English
	translation made by Dom Ernest Graf.
I hereby certify that, for each of the work(s) listed above, I am the copyright owner, or the owner of an exclusive right, or the owner's authorized agent, the agency relationship having been constituted in a writing signed by the owner before the filing of this notice, and that the information given herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.	
Name:	Pavel Kejik
As agent for:	Baronius Press Ltd
Date:	10 <sup>th</sup> August 2016
Signature:	P.K

## TRANSLATOR'S PREFACE

HE holy Curé d'Ars is one of the most remarkable figures of modern times. Not so very many years ago, his name was on the lips of countless thousands, and the events of the tiny village of Ars were of far greater interest to numberless souls than the political happenings of a period which was certainly neither dull nor uneventful. If, after perusing this volume, the reader still wishes to know something more of the life of this wonderful village parish priest, we would refer him to chapter five of Book IV of the *Imitation*. The nineteen verses of that admirable chapter might have been written after a study of the sublime priestly career of St. Jean-Baptiste Vianney.

M. Trochu's work is on strictly scientific lines. Instead of drawing on imagination or pious emotionalism—as too many would-be hagiographers have done—he drew on the most reliable of all historical sources—viz., the *Acts of the Process of Canonization*. The result is a book that shows us the holy man as he lived, thought, and spoke. There can be no doubt that the effect on the reader will be an increased sense of the reality of the supernatural, of reverence for the mysterious power of the Catholic priesthood, and of love for that Christian humility and abnegation which are the real secret of the saints.

The translator has thought it best to leave all French proper nouns untranslated, as well as certain titles with which all educated readers are familiar, such as "cure" "vicaire," etc.; one or two names of towns which are frequently mentioned have been spelled in the usual English fashion, and distances are given in kilometers. The late war and the daily papers have long ago familiarized us with the weights and measures of the metric system.

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BUCKFAST ABBEY, Candlemas Day, 1927. July, 1930.

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## FIRST YEARS (1786-1793)

HE VILLAGE of Dardilly<sup>1</sup> is set among the low hills that rise in the neighborhood of Lyons. One of its inhabitants was Pierre Vianney, husband of Marie Charavay.<sup>2</sup> Besides being a prosperous farmer, he was likewise a man of faith, and much given to the practice of the Christian virtue of charity. In July, 1770, the fame of his good works brought to his door a mendicant who was also a saint.

Tortured by scruples, Benoît Labre had just left the Trappist monastery of Sept-Fonds, where he had been a novice under the name of Brother Urban. He had now acquired a certainty that his vocation was to be a way-farer for the remainder of his life, so he set out for Rome.

The registers of Dardilly date back only to the year 1617. In that year, however, we find a record of the Baptism of Madeleine Vianey, daughter of Barthélemy Vianey and of Claudine Beluze. Authentic documents furnish us with a list of the ancestors in the direct line of the Curé d'Ars. They are: Pierre Vianey (greatgreat-great grandfather); Pierre (great-greatfather), born in 1655; Pierre (great-grandfather), born in 1689; Pierre (grandfather, mentioned at the beginning of this book), born in 1716; finally, Matthieu (father of our saint), born in 1753. All these were baptized in the church of Dardilly.

As regards the spelling of the name, though the ancestors of the saint wrote *Vianey*, we have no hesitation in spelling it *Vianney*, as he did himself. His younger sister, Marguerite, spelled the name in this manner when signing the process of canonization.

Various episcopal documents spell the name indiscriminately Vianay or Viannay, Vianey or Vianney; thus the dimissorial letters for the sub-diaconate have Vianey; those for the diaconate, Vianay; those for the priesthood, Viannay; faculty papers of 1832, Vianney; papers of 1853, Viannay.

## CHAPTER I

## FIRST YEARS

(1786 - 1793)

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Dardilly, a commune of 1,100 souls, is situate some eight kilometers to the northwest of Lyons.

<sup>2.</sup> In La Semaine religieuse de Grenoble (November 30, 1905) there appeared an article by Mgr. Devaux, rector of the Catholic Faculty of Lyons, on the surname of Vianney, which he thinks originates from the Dauphiné. According to the learned rector, the primitive form Vianeis or Vianneis was a corruption of Viennensis, that is, a citizen of Vienne in Dauphiné. Hence it would seem that Vianneis and Viennois are synonymous.

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His first halt was at Paray-le-Monial, where he paid long visits to the chapel of the Apparitions. From Paray he journeyed to Lyons, but rather than enter the city at nightfall he chose to spend the night at Dardilly. On observing a number of poor persons going to the house of Pierre Vianney, he went along with them.3

Benoît Labre was strangely attired. He wore the novice's tunic, which he had been permitted to retain on leaving the monastery. A wallet was suspended from his shoulders, a rosary hung round his neck, and a brass crucifix shone on his breast. A breviary, an Imitation, and the book of the Gospels constituted his luggage.

In these weird accourrements he entered the small enclosure in front of the low-roofed house of the Vianneys.4 The master of the house received him as he received all destitute persons. The children gazed with pity at the hapless man in whom their parents had taught them to see Jesus Christ himself. Matthieu, one of the five boys, was there. Little did he guess, as he contemplated this youthful mendicant, so pale and so meek, who was telling his beads all the time, that one day he himself would be the father of a saint. In the vast kitchen, near the hearth, where, sixteen years later, the child of predestination would warm his little bare feet, Benoît Labre and his companions in distress sat down with the Vianneys before plates of steaming soup, followed by meat and vegetables. After grace and night prayers, the guests were shown a place over the bakehouse, where they were to sleep, and where a thick layer of straw was to be their bed. On the morrow, ere they departed, one and all thanked their hosts, but the refined, gentle youth expressed his gratitude in terms which plainly showed that he was no common beggar.

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Great was the surprise of Pierre Vianney when, a little later, he received a letter from the poor pilgrim.<sup>5</sup> Benoît Labre wrote but seldom; the hospitality of Dardilly must have touched him deeply; perhaps God had vouchsafed to give him a presentiment of the child of benediction, who was one day to shed undying lustre upon this house.

Eight years after this event, on February 11, 1778, at Ecully, a village barely a league from Dardilly, Matthieu Vianney married

<sup>3.</sup> J. Mantenay, St. Benoît Labre, Paris, Gabalda, 1908, p. 27, passim.

<sup>4.</sup> The old farmhouse, with its two entrance doors facing the yard, has since had another storey added to it.

<sup>5. &</sup>quot;The Curé d'Ars often spoke of this letter. He made a present of it to someone who asked him for it." (Frère Jérôme, Procès de l'Ordinaire, P. 533).

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